

### **Current listing of the Claims:**

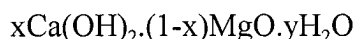
This listing of the claims reflects the current status of the claims in the application:

### **Listing of the claims:**

Claim 1 (previously presented): Calco-magnesian aqueous suspension having particles of solid matter with a solid matter content greater than or equal to 32% by weight, characterized in that it presents, before being put into suspension, a specific surface area, calculated according to the BET method, taking into account internal specific surface area, which is less than or equal to 10 m<sup>2</sup>/g.

Claim 2 (original): Suspension according to Claim 1, in which the said particles have a specific surface area calculated according to the BET method which is less than or equal to 8 m<sup>2</sup>/g, preferably less than or equal to 5 m<sup>2</sup>/g.

Claim 3 (previously presented): Suspension according to Claim 1, in which the particles of solid matter comply with the formula:



where

$0 < x \leq 1$ , and

$y \leq (1-x)$ ,

x and y being molar fractions.

Claim 4 (previously presented): Suspension according to Claim 1, characterised in that it has a dynamic viscosity less than or equal to 1.2 Pa.s, preferably less than or equal to 1.0 Pa.s.

Claim 5 (previously presented): Suspension according to Claim 1, characterised in that it has a solid

matter content greater than 40% by weight.

Claim 6 (previously presented): Suspension according to Claim 1, characterised in that it has a  $d_{98}$  granulometric dimension of less than 20 microns, preferably equal to or less than 5 microns, where the distribution of the particle size is measured by means of a laser granulometer and the distribution is characterized in terms of  $d_{98}$  interpolated value of the particle size distribution curve, the dimension  $d_{98}$  corresponding to the dimension for which 98% of the particles are less than the said dimension.

Claim 7 (withdrawn-previously presented): Method of preparing a calco-magnesian aqueous suspension according to Claim 1, characterised in that it comprises a putting into suspension in an aqueous medium of a calco-magnesian solid matter having particles with a specific surface area, calculated according to the BET method, taking into account internal specific surface area, which is less than or equal to 10 m<sup>2</sup>/g, characterised in that the resulting calco-magnesian suspension has a solid matter content greater than or equal to 32% by weight.